

# Five Minute Design Patterns

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**Template**

**Factory**

**Singleton**

**Iterator**

**Adapter**

**Façade**

**Observer**

**Command**

**Strategy**

**Decorator**

# Design Patterns

- **WTF**
- **Not a framework**
- **23 - not all applicable to Flash and Flex**
- **You've used them**

# Why Patterns Matter

- **Common language**
- **CS is good for you**
- **Speed up your development**
- **Preexisting documentation**
- **Refine your solutions**
- **Explains the why**

# Best Practices?

- **Not really in this presentation**
- **Beware patterns overload**

# Best Practices

- **Encapsulate what varies**
- **Program to an interface (or super class)**
- **Favor composition over inheritance**
- **Inversion of Control**
- ★ **Hollywood principle**

# Categories of Patterns

(Are these useful at all? Not so much.)

- **Creational**
- **Structural**
- **Behavioral**

# Template

- **Define the skeleton (or invariant parts) of an algorithm in a method, while deferring some steps to subclasses.**
- **Setup the big picture and leave the details to the person doing the work.**

# Factory

- **Define an interface for creating an object, but let the subclasses decide which class to instantiate. The Factory method lets a class defer instantiation to subclasses**



# Singleton

- **Singleton Pattern ensures a class has only one instance, and provides a global point of access to it.**

# Iterator

- **The Iterator Pattern provides a way to access the elements of an aggregate object sequentially without exposing its underlying representation**

# Adapter

- **The Adapter Pattern converts the interface of a class into another interface the clients expect.**
- **Adapter lets classes work together that couldn't otherwise because of incompatible interfaces.**

# Façade

- **The Façade Pattern provides a unified interface to a set of interfaces in a subsystem. Facade defines a higher level interface that makes the subsystem easier to use.**
- **Principle of Least Knowledge - talk only to your immediate friends**

# Observer

- **The Observer Pattern defines a one-to-many dependency between objects so that when one object changes state, all of its dependents are notified and updated automatically.**

# Command

- **The Command Pattern encapsulates a request as an object, thereby letting you parameterize other objects with different requests, queue or log requests, and support undoable operations.**

# Strategy

- **The Strategy Pattern defines a family of algorithms, encapsulates each one, and makes them interchangeable. Strategy lets the algorithm vary independently from the clients that use it.**

# Decorator - last one!

- **The Decorator Pattern attaches additional responsibilities to an object dynamically. Decorators provide a flexible alternative to subclassing for extending functionality.**



# More Patterns!!!

- **State**
- **Builder**
- **Mediator**
- **Composite**
- **Abstract Factory**
- **Chain of Responsibility**
- **Bridge**
- **Memento**
- **Flyweight**
- **Proxy**
- **Prototype**
- **Visitor**
- **MVC**
- **Interpreter**

# Resources

- **Beerfug.com**
- **<http://www.forestandthetrees.com/designPatterns/>**
- **Head First Design Patterns (the best) Java**
- **GoF (dry, but what started it all)**
- **ActionScript 3 with Design Patterns (Lott, Patterson)**
- **ActionScript 3.0 Design Patterns (Sanders, Cumararatunge)**

# Thank You!

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**(first wednesday of every month, beer +  
code)**

# FoT!

